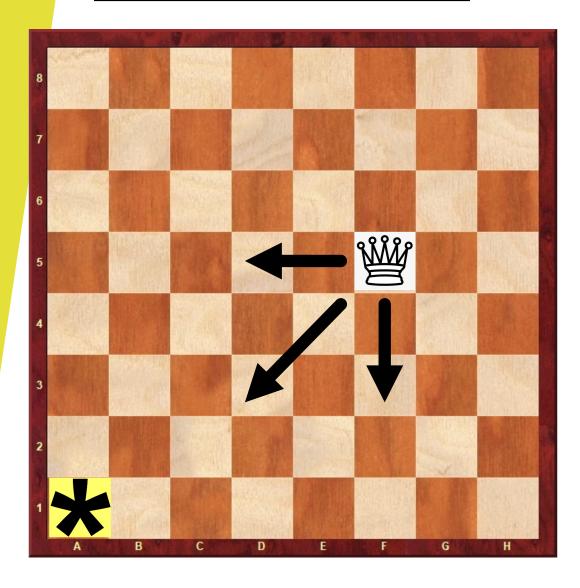
Wythoff's game

Ishwar Suriyaprakash

Wythoff's game is a 2-player game played on a chessboard.

The game starts with a queen placed at an arbitrary location.



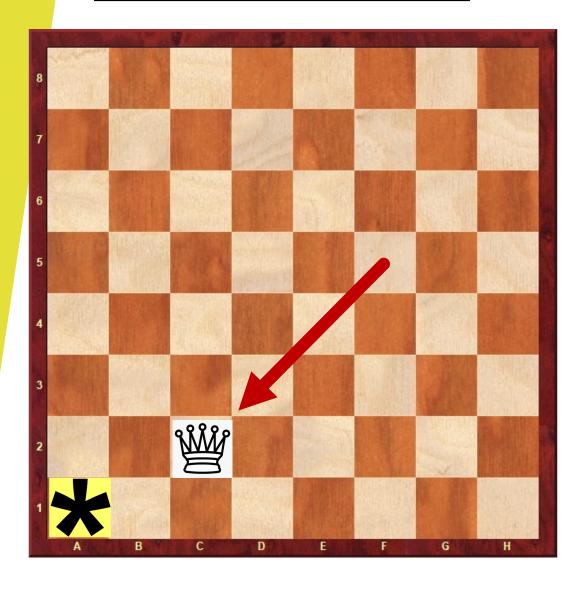
Each player takes turns moving the queen leftward, downward, or along the diagonal to the bottom-left by any number of squares.

The player who moves the queen to the star wins, or the player who is unable to move loses.



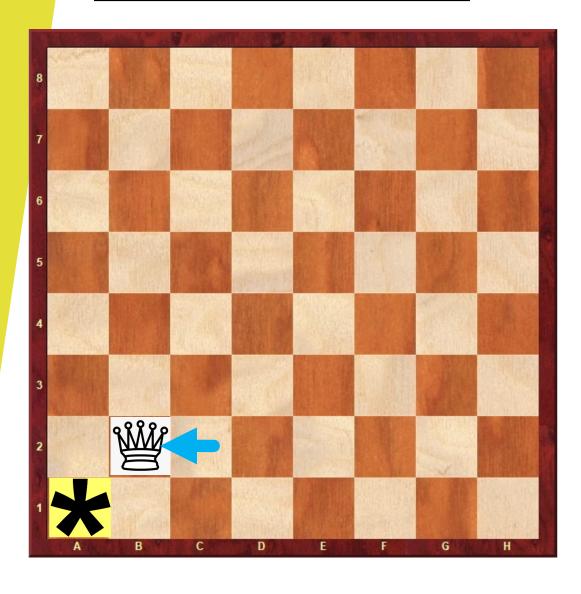
Example

Starts at F5



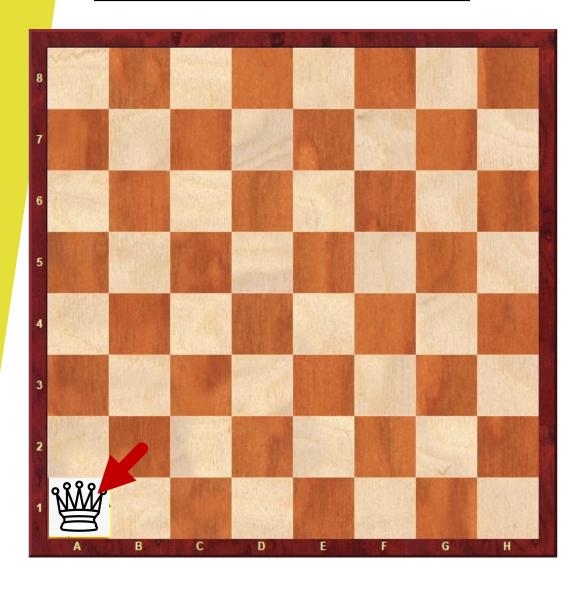
Example

Starts at F5
Player 1 moves to C2



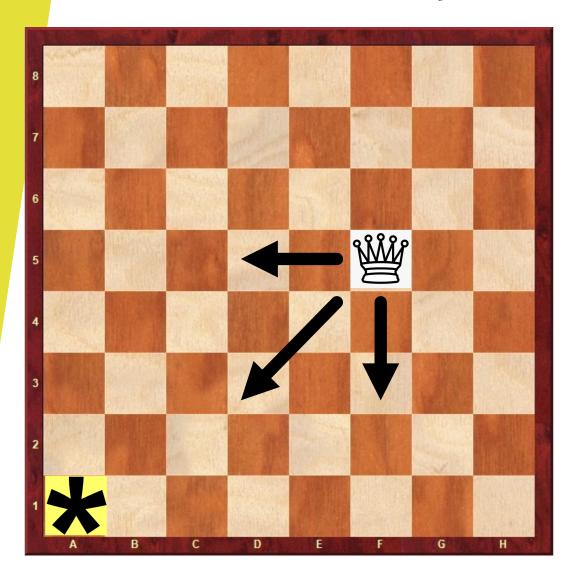
Example

Starts at F5
Player 1 moves to C2
Player 2 moves to B2



Example

Starts at F5
Player 1 moves to C2
Player 2 moves to B2
Player 1 moves to A1
and wins!



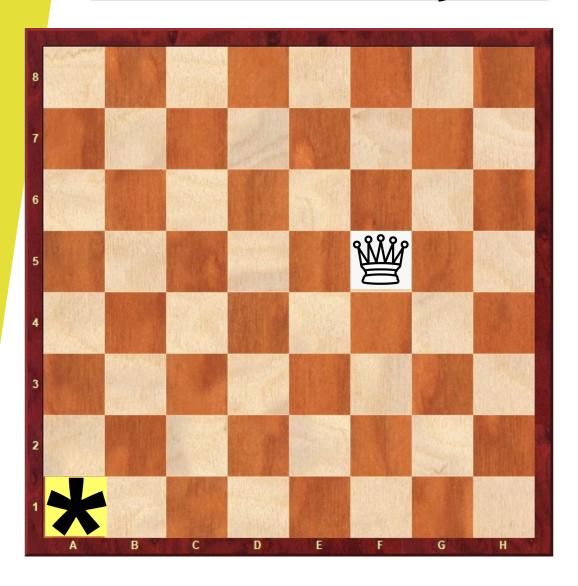
All future positions can be enumerated

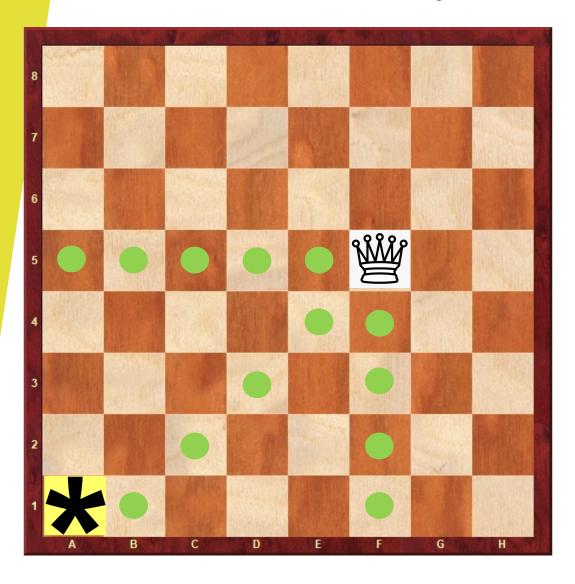
Players have the capacity to determine their next move without an element of luck

How can we write a program so that the computer wins this game every time?

How can we write a program so that the computer wins this game every time?

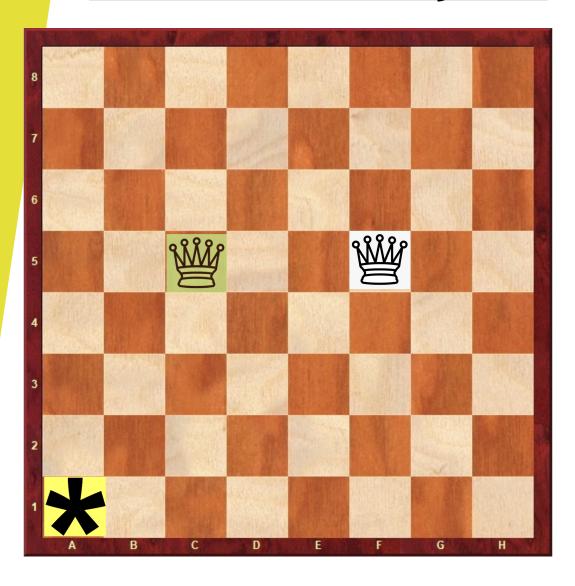
Recursion and look-ahead?

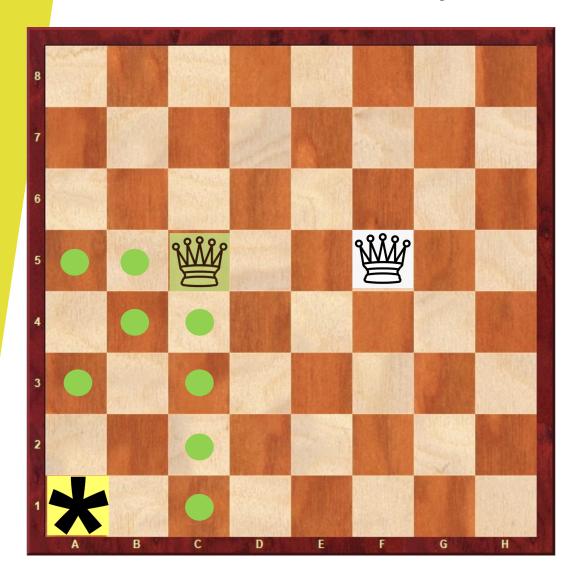




Exploring each of our options ...

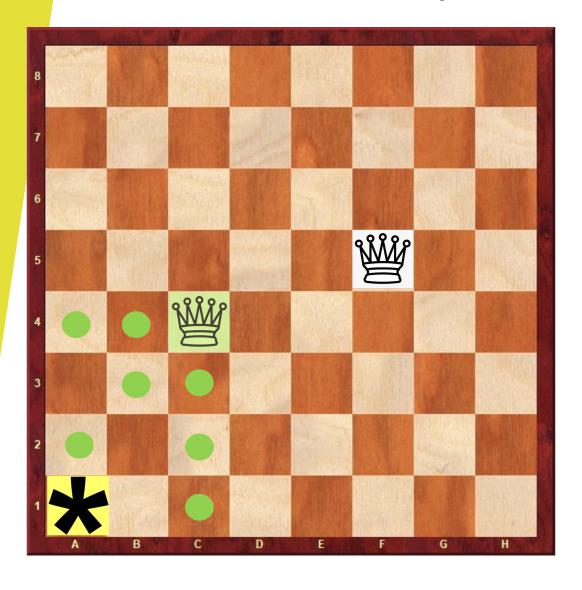
Ask this question:
Can we force the opponent to lose if we move to that position?



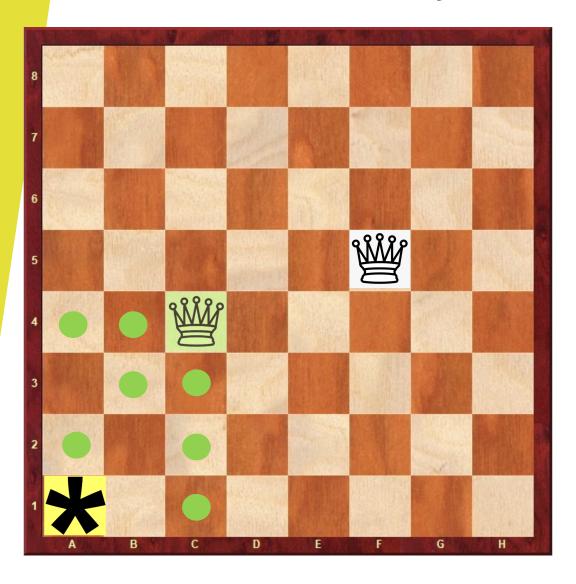


Exploring each of the opponent's options ...

Ask another question: Can we find a single way to win for each of the opponent's choices?

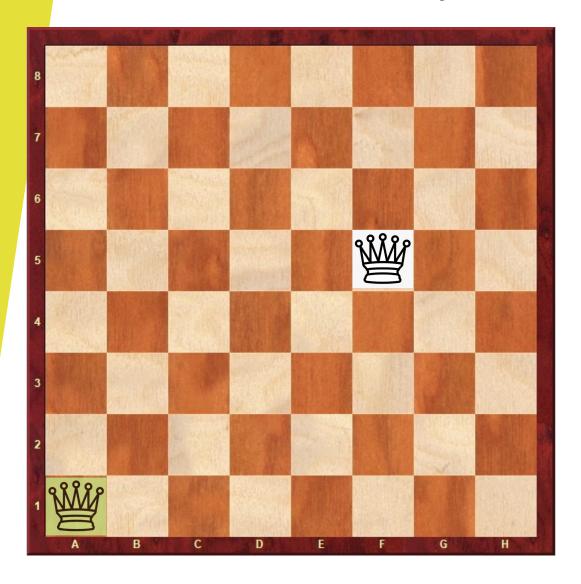


Continue to explore and ask these questions ...



Continue to explore and ask these questions ...

When do we stop?



The recursion stops when the queen is at the corner.

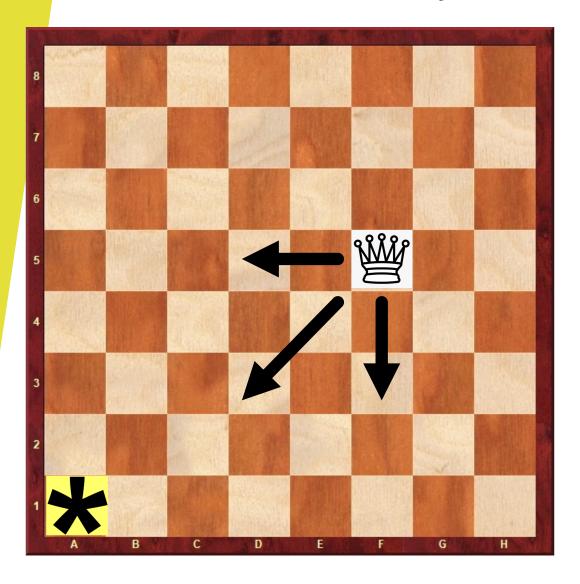
1st question being asked → return *lose*2nd question being asked → return *win*

Recursion is really expensive!

Recursion is really expensive!

Building from the ground up? AKA dynamic programming

 Solving bigger problems by solving similar sub-problems



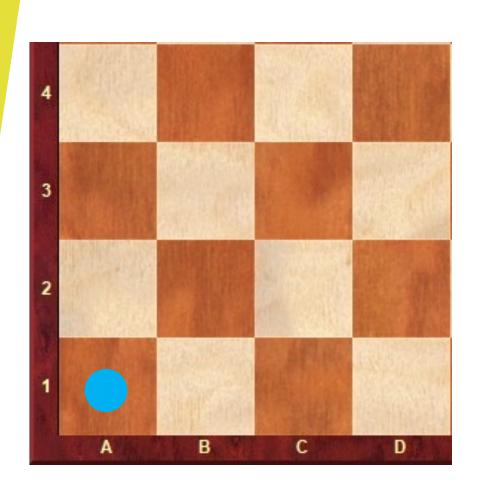
Analyze the game by observing how game states build on each other.

Let's build from simple cases.



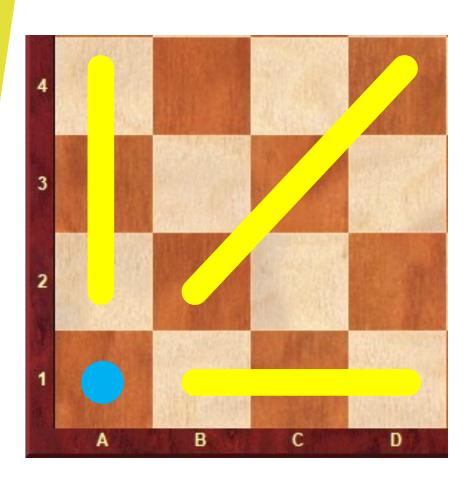
Queen starts at A1

The second player wins because the first player is unable to move.



Queen starts at A1

Cold position
the player that starts in that position cannot win regardless of what moves he/she makes

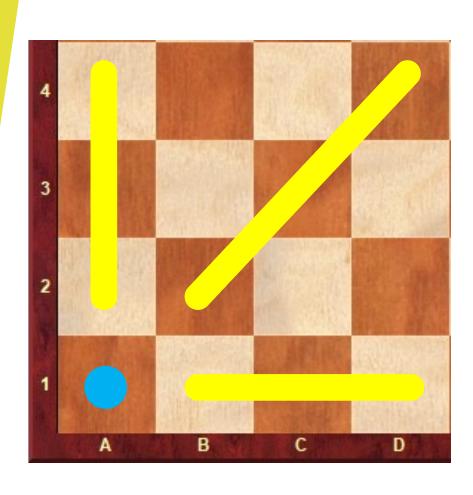


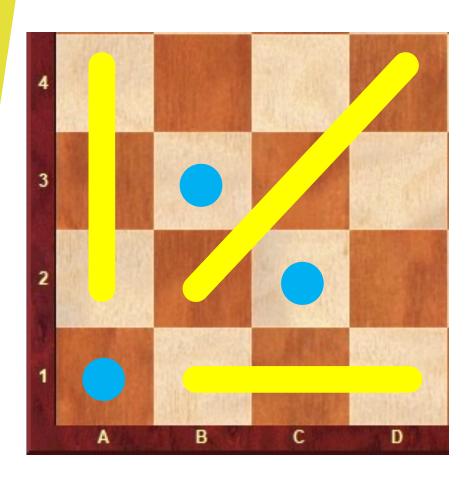
If the queen starts at a spot on a yellow line, the first player can win. He/she can move the queen to the cold position, and then the second player, who starts in that position, will lose.

to move now, will lose.

If the queen starts in a position that can be moved to a **cold position**, the first player will always win. The first player can move to the **cold position**, and the second player, who has

We will call such positions hot positions.



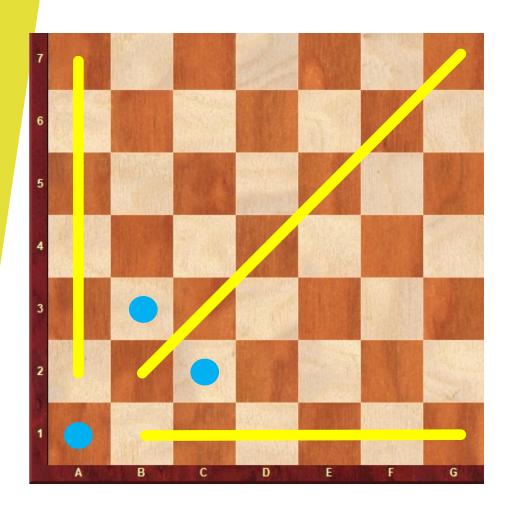


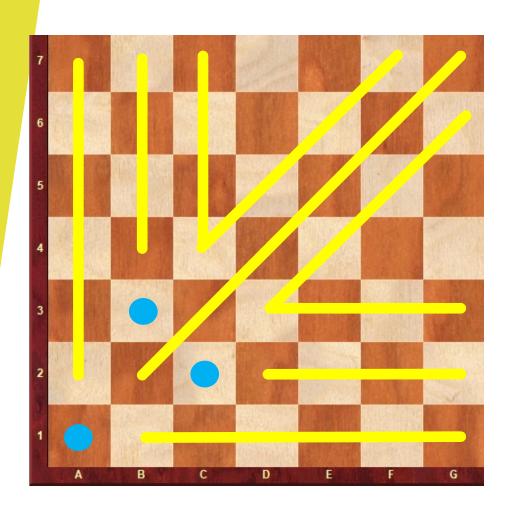
B3 and C2 are cold positions.

If the queen starts at these positions, every possible move is always to a hot position.

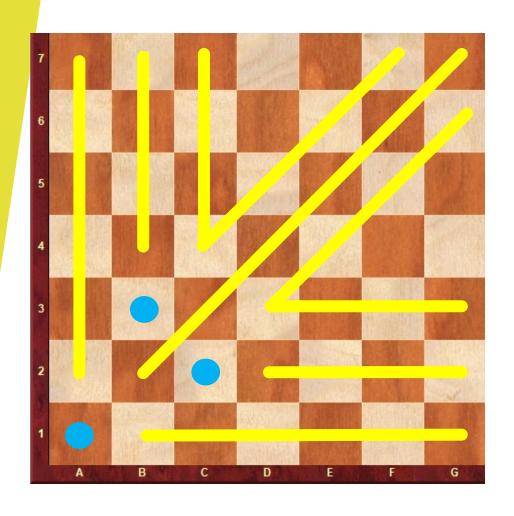
By definition, a **cold position** is a position where all moves are to **hot positions**.

Each position is a cold position or a hot position. It can't be neither.

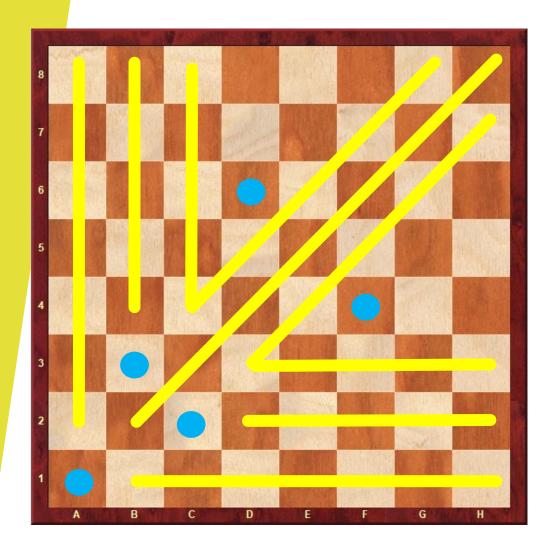




The positions from which a queen could be moved to B3 or C2 are hot positions.

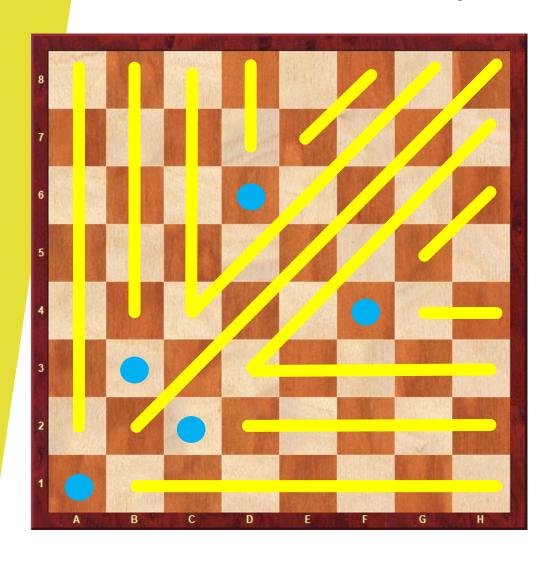


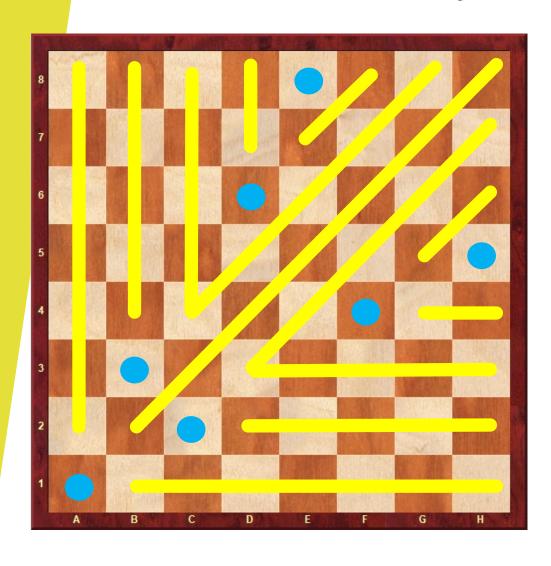
Repeating this process...



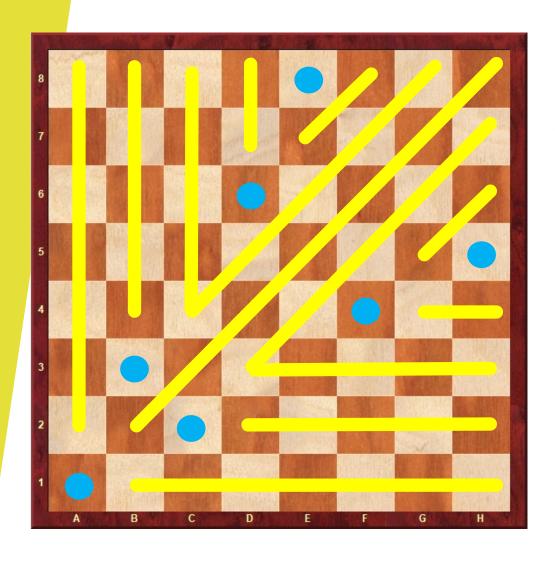
D6 and F4 are cold positions.

If the queen starts at these positions, every possible move is always to a hot position.



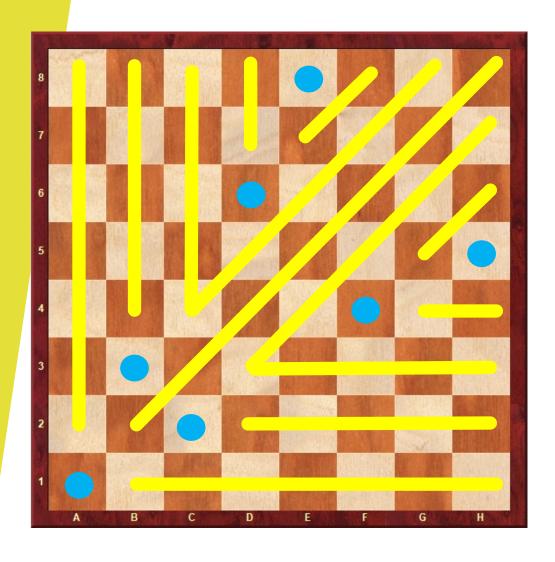


Game Strategy



If the game starts with the queen on a hot position, the first player should always move to a cold position.

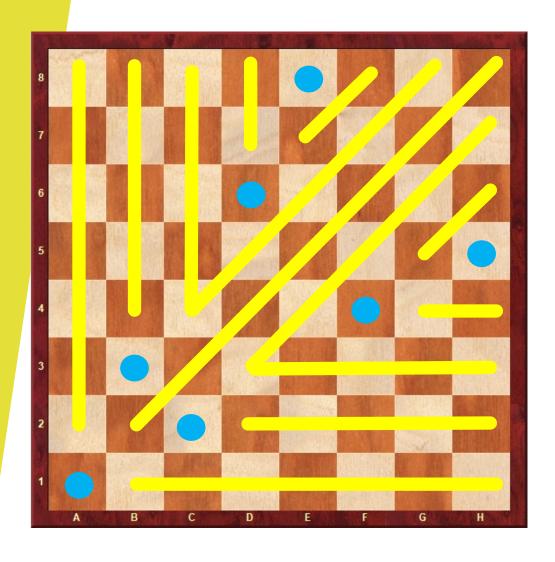
Game Strategy



If the game starts with the queen on a cold position, the first player will lose, assuming the opponent plays optimally.

Better luck next time!

Game Strategy



If the game starts with the queen on a cold position, the first player will lose, assuming the opponent plays optimally.

Better luck next time!

Making a program with this approach?

- Building a table with info on cold and hot positions beforehand
- In the game: when it is our turn to move, *always* move to a cold position

Wythoff's game

Thank you. Questions?